

BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PILANI

SUMMER VACATION HOME ASSIGNMENT 2025-26

CLASS-VI

General Instructions: -

- Parents are requested to motivate their child to complete the work independently. Assistance may be provided only if needed.
- The holiday homework will be graded.
- Use a small notebook to complete this assignment.

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Title: "Budgeting and Planning My Dream Smart City"

Subjects: Mathematics, Science Social Science, Hindi and English

Mathematics

Topic: City Planning Using Math

- 1. City Map with Scale:
 - Draw a city layout on graph paper using a scale (e.g., 1 cm = 10 m).
 - o Divide areas for residential, commercial, parks, hospitals, etc.

2. Budget Allocation:

- o You are given a **budget of ₹10 crore (100 million)** to build your city.
- Allocate funds to:
 - Roads
 - Schools
 - Solar panels
 - Public transport
 - Water treatment plants
 (Use bar graph or pie chart to represent budget split)

3. Cost Estimations (Basic Arithmetic):

o 1 solar panel = ₹25,000

- o 1 electric bus = ₹35,00,000
- o 1 km road = ₹8,00,000
- o How many of each can you afford with your budget?

Science

Topic: Eco-friendly Technologies in Smart Cities

- Short report on solar energy, rainwater harvesting, smart traffic systems.
- Simple labeled diagram of a green building or smart grid.

Social Science

Topic: Urban Development and Government Planning

- Short write-up on India's Smart Cities Mission.
- Use a map to mark 5 smart cities in different states.
- Describe the need for **public participation** in sustainable development.

Hindi (हिन्दी)

विषय: "मेरी स्मार्ट सिटी की योजना"

- एक **निबंध** लिखिए जिसमें आप बताएँ कि आपकी स्मार्ट सिटी कैसी होगी।
- स्मार्ट सिटी के लिए **बजट योजना** का एक चार्ट बनाइए।
- "स्मार्ट जीवनशैली" पर **स्लोगन या कविता** लिखिए।

अनुप्रयोग आधारित प्रश्न-

- 1. मातृभूमि की रक्षा और संरक्षण के लिए एक नारा या स्लोगन बनाइए।
- 2. मातृभूमि के महत्व को दर्शाने के लिए एक पोस्टर या चित्र बनाइए।
- 3. गोल पाठ में मेज़र ध्यानचंद ने बर्लिन ओलंपिक में कप्तान की भूमिका निभाई उस ओलंपिक के विषय में जानकारी इकट्ठा करके लिखिए।

रचनात्मकता आधारित प्रश्र-

- 1. मातृभूमि के महत्व को दर्शाने के लिए एक कविता या गीत लिखिए।
 2.लोगों ने मेज़र ध्यानचंद को "हाँ की का जादूगर" कहना क्यों शुरू कर दिया? परिवार के सदस्यों से पूछकर उत्तर दीजिए।
 हस्तलेखन अभ्यास गर्मियों की छुट्टी में आप अपने घर में पिक्षयों के लिए क्या-क्या सुविधाएं उपलब्ध कराएंगे।
 सुन्दर एवं स्पष्ट रूप से लिखिए।
 अपनी पाठ्य-पुस्तक "मल्हार" में से आपको जो कविता अच्छी लगें उसे याद कीजिए।
 किज —
- https://quizizz.com/admin/assessment/5f4c623f2f0d3b001ba994f7?source=lesson_sh are

English

Topic: Future Living in a Smart City

- Write a **letter to the mayor** describing features you want in your smart city.
- Create a **brochure or advertisement** for your smart city.
- Include **new words** related to budgeting and planning (e.g., infrastructure, efficiency, budget, investment).

Final Project File Should Include:

- Cover page with title and your name
- Index and Introduction
- Subject-wise pages (Math with full calculations, charts)
- Diagrams, drawings, colored graphs

BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PILANI

REVISION WORKSHEET

CLASS-VI ENGLISH

Part A	: Identify the type of sentence				
1.	Can you help me with my homework?				
2.	The sky is very cloudy today.				
3.	What a beautiful day it is!				
4.	Please shut the door.				
5.	I am going to the park tomorrow.				
Instru	ctions: Read the sentences above and choose the correct type.				
•	Interrogative (asks a question)				
•	Declarative (states a fact)				
•	• Exclamatory (shows excitement or strong feeling)				
•	Imperative (gives a command or request)				
Part B	: Complete the sentences				
1.	I (play) football every Sunday.				
2.	She (eat) lunch at 12:00 PM every day.				
3.	We (go) to the market yesterday.				
4.	I (finish) my homework already.				
5.	They (live) in a big house in the city.				
Part C					
	: Punctuation Practice				
Put the	e correct punctuation mark at the end of each sentence.				
Put the					
	e correct punctuation mark at the end of each sentence.				
1.	e correct punctuation mark at the end of each sentence. Where is the book				
1. 2.	e correct punctuation mark at the end of each sentence. Where is the book This is my favorite toy				

Part D: Write a sentence

- 1. Write a **declarative sentence** about your favorite hobby:
- 2. Write an **interrogative sentence** asking about a friend's weekend plans:
- 3. Write an **exclamatory sentence** about something exciting that happened to you:
- 4. Write an **imperative sentence** asking someone to help with your homework:

Part A: Identify the Nouns

Underline the nouns in the following sentences:

- 1. The **dog** is playing in the **garden**.
- 2. Children love to eat chocolate.
- 3. **John** is reading a **book** in the **library**.
- 4. We went to the **market** to buy some **fruits**.
- 5. The **teacher** asked a **question**.

Part B: Types of Nouns

Identify the type of noun in the following sentences:

- The **team** won the match.
 (Common Noun / Collective Noun / Proper Noun)
- London is a beautiful city.
 (Common Noun / Collective Noun / Proper Noun)
- My sister loves to paint.
 (Common Noun / Collective Noun / Proper Noun)
- 4. The **flock** of **birds** flew across the sky. (Common Noun / Collective Noun / Proper Noun)
- I saw a cat in the garden.
 (Common Noun / Collective Noun / Proper Noun)

Part C: Singular and Plural Nouns

Change the following singular nouns into plural nouns:

1. **Book** → _____

 3. City → 4. Foot → 5. Man → Now, change the following plural nouns into singular:
5. Man →
Now, change the following plural nouns into singular:
1. Boys →
2. Tables →
3. Houses →
4. Women →
5. Leaves →
Part D: Common and Proper Nouns Write down the common and proper nouns in the sentences below: 1. Alice is going to the park. Common Noun: Proper Noun: 2. The teacher gave us a homework assignment. Common Noun: Proper Noun: 3. I have visited Paris twice.
Common Noun: Proper Noun:



BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PILANI (RAJ.) पुनरीक्षण कार्यपत्रक (हिन्दी)- 2025-26

कक्षा - 6 विषय - हिन्दी

प्रश्न नं 1.संक्षिप्त उत्तर दीजिए।

(क) 'गंगा-यमुन त्रिवेणी' – त्रिवेणी तीन नदियों के संगम स्थल को कहते हैं। तीसरी नदी का नाम बताइए। ——————
(ख) भारत की नदियों की दो कौन-कौन सी विशेषताएँ हैं ? (i)
(ii)
(ग) अमराइयों की क्या विशेषता है?
(घ) कवि के अनुसार हमारे देश की हवा की क्या विशेषता है?
(ङ) कविता में भारत की पहाड़ियों के संबंध में क्या कहा गया है?
(च) चिड़ियाँ कहाँ और किस प्रकार चहक रही हैं?
प्रश्न नं 2. दिए गए शब्दों के दो-दो पर्यायवाची (समान अर्थ वाले) शब्द लिखिए।
(i) आकाश

(ii) सिंधु	
(iii) झरना	
(iv) कोयल	
(v) पवन	
(vi) चिड़िया	
(vii) गंगा	
(viii) यमुना	
प्रश्न नं 3. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के उलटे अर्थ वाले (विपरीतार्थक) शब्द लिखिए।	
(i) ऊँचा ×	
(ii) आकाश ×	
(iii) अनेक ×	
(iv) जन्म ×	
(v) युद्ध ×	
(vi) स्वर्ग ×	
प्रश्न नं 4.ध्यानचंद को 'हॉकी का जादूगर' कहा जाता है। आप क्रिकेट का जादूगर किसे मानते हैं? उस पर आठ- दस पंक्तियाँ लिखिए।	?
क्रिकेट का जादूगर –	

			_	
			_	
प्रश्न नं 5.'हॉकी' आठ-दस पंक्तिय	भारत का राष्ट्रीय खेत गँ लिखिए।	न है। आपका सब	प्ते प्रिय खेल कौन-सा है	? उसके बारे में
मेरा प्रिय खेल				





BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PILANI PRACTICE WORKSHEET 2025-26 SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS CLASS VI

SECTION – A

Question 1:

Que.	3.1011 2.
Fill ir	n the blanks:
1.	Every positive integer isthan negative integer.
2.	Fractions with the same denominator are calledfractions.
3.	1 crore =lakhs.
4.	The ratio of 90 cm to 1. 5 m in reduced form =
5.	A cuboid hasvertices.
6.	75 paise = Rs
7.	Two negative integers greater than -20 are and
8.	Perimeter of triangle with sides 3cm, 4 cm and 8 cm =
9.	If $p - 3 = 7$ then $p =$
	. Cost of 6 cans of juice is Rs. 210, then the cost of 1 can = stion 2:
Writ	e true or false.
99 kg	g: 45 kg = Rs 44: Rs 20. $\frac{1}{20}$.

- 2. Shape of a road roller is a cylinder.
- 3. A number which has more than two factors is called a prime number.
- 4. If a number ends with 0 and 5 then the number is divisible by 5.

Question 3:

Do as Directed:

Express 21 as the sum of three prime numbers.

- 1. Write the smallest composite number.
- 2. Find 1, 00, 000 1 =
- 3. Write 7th and 8th multiple of number 13.
- 4. Find, 639210 is divisible by 9.

SECTION - B

Question 4:

Read these numbers.

527864, 95432

- 1. Write these numbers using commas in Indian as well as International System of numeration.
- 2. Arrange these in ascending and descending order.

Question 5:

Find 12 X 35 using distributivity.

Question 6:

Which of the following are models for perpendicular lines?

- 1. The adjacent edges of a table top.
- 2. The lines of a railway track.
- 3. The line segments form the letter 'L'.
- 4. The letter V.

Question 7:

Represent the following numbers as integers with appropriate signs.

- 1. An airplane is flying at a height two thousand metre above the ground.
- 2. A submarine is moving at a depth, eight hundred metres below sea level.
- 3. A deposit of rupees two hundred.
- 4. Withdrawal of rupees seven hundred.

Question 8:

Write each of the following as decimals:

1. 20 + 9 +
$$\frac{4}{100}$$
 + $\frac{1}{1000}$

$$2.\frac{7}{10} + \frac{6}{100} + \frac{4}{1000}$$

Question 9:

What is the length of the wooden strip required to frame a photograph of length and breadth 32 cm and 21 cm respectively?

Question 10:

Find the first two common multiples of 3, 4 and 9

Question 11:

Population of Sundarnagar was 2,35,471 in 1991. In the year 2001 it was found to have increased by 72,958. What was the population of the city in 2001?

SECTION - C

Question 12:

Bob wants to cover the floor of a room 3 m wide and 4 m long by squared tiles. If each square tile is of side 0.5 m, then find the number of tiles required to cover the floor of the room.

Question 13:

A car travels 90 km in $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours.

- 1. How much time is required to cover 30 km with the same speed?
- 2. Find the distance covered in 2 hours with the same speed.

Question 14:

Name the types of following triangles:

- 1. Triangle with lengths of sides 7 cm, 8 cm and 9 cm.
- 2. \triangle PQR such that PQ = QR = PR = 5 cm.
- 3. $\triangle DEF$ with m D $\angle = 90^{\circ}$
- 4. $\triangle XYZ$ with m Y $\angle = 90^{\circ}$ and XY = YZ.

Question 15:

Find the sum in each of the following:

- 1.0.007 + 8.5 + 30.08
- 2.15 + 0.632 + 13.8

3.27.076 + 0.55 + 0.004

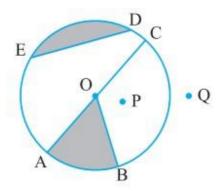
Question 16:

Write the three whole numbers occurring just before 10001.

Question 17:

From the figure given below, identify:

- 1. the centre of circle
- 2. three radii
- 3. a diameter
- 4. two points in the interior
- 5. a sector
- 6. a segment



Question 18:

Find the sum of:

- 1. 137 and 354
- 2. -312, 39 and 192
- 3. -50, 200 and 300

Question 19:

Sarita bought $\frac{2}{5}$ metre of ribbon and Lalita $\frac{3}{4}$ metre of ribbon. What is the total length of the ribbon they bought?

SECTION - D

Question 20:

Find:

1.
$$(-7)$$
 -8 $-(-25)$

$$2.(-13) + 32 - 8 - 1$$

$$3.(-7)+(-8)+(-90)$$

$$4.50 - (-40) - (-2)$$

Question 21:

The floor is 5 m long and 4 m wide. A square carpet having each side 3 m is laid on the floor. Find the area of the floor that is not carpeted.

Question 22:

Following pictograph shows the number of tractors in five villages.

Viilages	Number of tractors - 1 Tractor
Village A	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Village B	00 00 00 00
Village C	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Village D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Village E	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Observe the pictograph and answer the following questions.

- 1. Which village has the minimum number of tractors?
- 2. Which village has the maximum number of tractors?

- 3. How many more tractors village C has as compared to village B.
- 4. What is the total number of tractors in all the five villages?

Question 23:

The number of sheets of paper available for making notebooks is 75,000. Each sheet makes 8 pages of a notebook. Each notebook contains 200 pages. How many notebooks can be made from the paper available?

BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL

CLASS - 6

SUBJECT - SCIENCE

REVISION WORKSHEET

1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)

Question 1. What does biodiversity refer to?

- (a) The variety of different plants and animals in an area
- (b) The number of people in a city
- (c) The size of a tree
- (d) The colour of flowers

Question 2. Which of the following is a characteristic of a shrub?

- (a) Grows very tall with a thick trunk
- (b) Has many woody stems starting close to the ground
- (c) Has a soft green stem
- (d) Needs no support to grow

Question 3. What type of root system do monocots typically have?

- (a) Taproot system
- (b) Fibrous root system
- (c) Both A and B
- (d) None of the above

Question 4. Which adaptation helps camels survive in the desert?

- (a) Long legs and wide hooves
- (b) Thick fur
- (c) Ability to fly
- (d) Short legs

Question 5. Which of the following is NOT a habitat?

(a) Forest(b) Desert(c) Air(d) Ocean
3.Name two plants that belong to shrubs
4.Identify the following plants as herbs, shrubs, and trees:
Tomato, rice, eucalyptus, blueberry, China rose, lavender, mango.
5. How are plants grouped based on their height and stems?
6. What are the main differences between monocot and dicot plants?
7. Fill in the Blanks:
1. Plants with reticulate venation generally have roots.
2. The method of arranging things into groups based on their common features is called
3 are animals that can live both in water and on land.
4 have one cotyledon, while dicots have cotyledons.
5. The place where plants and animals live is called their
6 is a feature of plants and animals that enables them to survive in a particular region.
7. A tree typically has a thick, woody stem and its branches arise higher up from the ground.
8. Plants like the hibiscus show venation in their leaves.
8. True or False:
1. Monocot plants have taproots.
2. All plants have reticulate venation in their leaves.
3. Grouping helps in studying plants and animals more easily based on their similarities and differences.
4. Fibrous roots are commonly found in plants with reticulate venation.

- 5. A taproot system consists of one main root with smaller roots arising from it.
- 6. Amphibians can live only on land.

9. Match the Following

Plant or Animal	Adaptation or Feature
1. Cactus	A) Lives in the ocean and has a body adapted to underwater life.
2. Mountain Goat B) Has spines to reduce water loss.	
3. Seaweed	C) Can live on land and in water.
4. Frog	D) Has long legs to jump.
5. Mango Tree	E) Grows very tall with a hard, woody stem.

ANSWER KEY

2. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)

Question 1. What does biodiversity refer to?

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Question 4. Which adaptation helps camels survive in the desert?
(a) Long legs and wide hooves(b) Thick fur(c) Ability to fly(d) Short legs
Question 5. Which of the following is NOT a habitat?
 (a) Forest (b) Desert (c) Air (d) Ocean
3. Name two plants that belong to shrubs.
Ans- Rose, Lemon
4. Identify the following plants as herbs, shrubs, and trees:
Tomato, rice, eucalyptus, blueberry, China rose, lavender, mango. Ans – Tree – eucalyptus, mango Shrub – Blueberry, China Rose, Lavender Herb – Tomato, rice
5. How are plants grouped based on their height and stems? Ans – Plants are grouped as Herb, Shrub and Tree on the basis of their height and stems. Herbs are generally short with soft, green stems, while shrubs are medium-sized with woody, branching stems, and trees are tall with hard, woody trunks.
6. What are the main differences between monocot and dicot plants? Ans – Monocot plants have monocot seeds having one cotyledon, fibrous root and parallel venation in their leaves. Ex – Wheat Dicot plants have dicot seeds having two cotyledons, tap root and reticulate venation in their leaves.
7. Fill in the Blanks:
1. Plants with reticulate venation generally havefibrous roots.
2. The method of arranging things into groups based on their common features is calledclassification

3Amphibians are animals that can live both in water and on land.
4Monocots have one cotyledon, while dicots havetwo cotyledons.
5. The place where plants and animals live is called theirhabitat
6Adaptation is a feature of plants and animals that enables them to survive in a particular region.
7. A typically has a thick, woody stem and its branches arise higher up from the ground.
8. Plants like the hibiscus showreticulate venation in their leaves.
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2. All plants have reticulate venation in their leaves. F
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4. Fibrous roots are commonly found in plants with reticulate venation. F
5. A taproot system consists of one main root with smaller roots arising from it. T
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9. Match the Following

Plant or Animal	Adaptation or Feature
1. Cactus	. Has spines to reduce water loss.
2. Mountain Goat	. D) Has long legs to jump
3. Seaweed	Lives in the ocean and has a body adapted to underwater life
4. Frog	Can live on land and in water.
5. Mango Tree	E) Grows very tall with a hard, woody stem.

BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PILANI

SUMMER HOME ASSIGNMENT

WORKSHEET

Q.1. Multiple choice Questions:

 Map showing the dist Political map (b) F 			ematic map ((d) Colourf	ul map.
2. A scale is necessary.(a) for a plan map.	(b) for syml	ools	(c) for	accuracy	(d) for a
3. The longest circle dra(a) The Prime Meridian(c) The Tropic of Cance	(b) T	he Equa	tor	S.	
4. The arrow with 'N' or(a) direction of North(c) direction of East	(b) di	rection	of South		
5. 'PO' in the map is a s (a) Post Office Office	•	Office ((c) Private O	ffice (d) Po	olice
6. What is the time differance (a) 30 minutes minutes			cations for evour and 15 m	•	longitude? (d) 45
7. When it is 4 pm in Inc (a) 10: 30 pm					1:00 pm
8. How many time zone (a) 12 (b) 2		the Eart (c) 36	th?	(d) 48	3
9. India is located in the (a) East of Greenwich		(c) We	st	(d) Se	outh
10. In which hemisphere(a) Northern Hemisphere(c) Eastern Hemisphere	e (b) Southern	n Hemis	phere	it is at 20° l	N latitude?
Q.2. Fill in the blan	ks with app	ropria	te words:		
1. The Earth rotates from	n	to	direction	on.	

2. Each degree of longitude corresponds to a time difference of minutes.
3. International Date Line passes through the Ocean.
4. Prime Meridian passes through Greenwich near
5. Standard Meridian of India
6. A is used to find the main direction.
7. Maps provide more information than a
8. The symbol for the Post and Telegraph Office is
9. The Northern half of the Earth is known as the
10. All parallel circles from the equator up to the poles are called

Q.3. State whether the statements given below are True or False:

- 1. Distance between two points represented on maps depend on symbols and colours that a map is using.
- 2. Both latitudes and longitudes are expressed in degrees.
- 3. It takes the Earth 365 days to complete one spin on its axis called rotation.
- 4. India's (Bharat's) Prime Meridian many centuries ago was called 'madhya rekha' and passed through the city of Ujjain.
- 5. India's latitudes extras approximately from 8°N to 37°N and longitudes from 68°E to 97°E.
- 6. The collection of maps is called Atlas.
- 7. Political maps show the natural features of the Earth.
- 8. There are five intermediate directions.
- 9. Brown colour in the map is used to show plains.
- 10. The Earth's axis is a physical line passing through the planet's centre.

BIRLA PUBLIC SCHOOL, PILANI SUMMER HOME ASSIGNMENT

WORKSHEET-2

Q.1 Why are Tropical Regions are otter than equatorial region?
Ans
Q.2. What is the latitudinal value of the Tropic of Cancer?
Ans
Q.3.Define rotation and revolution.
Ans
Q.4. Name the festival in north India marked the harvest season.
Ans
Q.5. On Earth, When are two equinoxes every year.
Ans
Q.6. Name the five important latitudes with their latitudinal values.
ANS
Q.7. Name and define types of Maps.
Ans
Q.8. Where does Temperate zone lies?
Ans
Q.9.Differentiate between Political and Physical Map.
Ans

Q.10 Differentiate between Maps and Globe.

Ans.				
_				

Birla Public School, Pilani

Spell Geographia

- 1. Atmosphere- the envelope of gases surrounding any celestial body.
- 2. Biosphere-the regions of the Earth where living organisms exist
- 3. Cliff- a steep high face of rock
- 4. Coast- the shore of a sea or ocean
- 5. Continent- one of the large landmasses of the earth
- 6. Cosmography- the science that maps the general features of the universe
- 7. Country- the territory occupied by a nation
- 8. Distributary- a branch of a river that flows away from the mainstream and does not rejoin it
- 9. Erosion- the process of wearing or grinding something down
- 10. Fog- droplets of water vapor suspended in the air near the ground
- 11. Frost- ice crystals forming a white deposit
- 12. Glacier- a slowly moving mass of ice
- 13. Gulf- an arm of a sea or ocean partly enclosed by land.
- 14. Hail- precipitation of ice pellets
- 15. Hurricane- a severe tropical cyclone usually with heavy rains and winds
- 16. Hydrosphere- the watery layer of the earth's surface
- 17. Iceberg- a large frozen mass floating at sea
- 18. Isthmus- a narrow strip of land connecting two larger land areas
- 19. Lake- a body of (usually fresh) water surrounded by land
- 20. Marsh- low-lying wet land with grassy vegetation
- 21. Mist- a thin fog with condensation near the ground
- 22. Monsoon- a seasonal wind in southern Asia
- 23. Mountain- a land mass that projects well above its surroundings
- 24. Naviation-The process of monitoring and controlling the movement of a vehicle or craft from one place to another.
- 25. Ocean- a large body of water that is part of the hydrosphere
- 26. Plateau- a relatively flat highland
- 27. Reef- a submerged ridge of rock or coral near the water's surface
- 28. River- a large natural stream of water (larger than a creek)
- 29. Smog- air pollution by a mixture of smoke and fog
- 30. Topography- the configuration of a surface and its features
- 31. Tornado- a violently destructive windstorm occurring over land
- 32. Trench- a long steep-sided depression in the ocean floor
- 33. Tributary- a branch that flows into the mainstream
- 34. Universalism- the theological doctrine that all people will eventually be saved
- 35. Valley-a long depression in the surface of the land
- 36. Wetland- a low area where the land is saturated with water
- 37. Equinox- when the sun crosses the plane of the earth's equator
- 38. Meteorology- the earth science dealing with phenomena of the atmosphere
- 39. Equator- an imaginary line around the Earth forming a great circle
- 40. Sedimentary- formed by or containing the accumulation of deposited matter
- 41. Watershed- a ridge of land that separates two adjacent river systems